

MARK SCHEME for the October/November 2012 series

0580 MATHEMATICS

0580/43

Paper 4 (Extended), maximum raw mark 130

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Abbreviations

- cao correct answer only
- cso correct solution only
- dep dependent
- ft follow through after error
- isw ignore subsequent working
- oe or equivalent
- SC Special Case
- www without wrong working
- art anything rounding to
- soi seen or implied

Qu.	Answers	Mark	Part Marks
1	(a) (i) [0]9 15 [am]	1	Any acceptable form of time
	(ii) 64.9 or 65.[0] or 64.92 to 64.98	2	M1 for $92 \div (1 \text{ and } 25 \text{ mins})$ or $92/85 \times 60$ oe or $92 \div (1.41 \text{ to } 1.42)$
	(iii) 11.76...or 11.8	1	
	(iv) 80	3	M2 for $92 \div 1.15$ oe or M1 for 115% associated with 92
	(b) (i) $150 \div (11 + 16 + 3)$ or 150×3 oe then $\times 3$ or $\div 30$	M1 E1	Correct first step Correct conclusion
(ii) 11 : 9 final answer	2	M1 for $8.25 : (15 - 8.25)$ oe For M1 e.g. allow $1 : 0.818$ [0.8181 to 0.8182] or $1.22 : 1$ [1.222...] After M0, SC1 for 9 : 11 as final answer	
2	(a) (i) Image at $(-3, 1), (-7, 7), (-3, 7)$	2	SC1 for translation $\begin{pmatrix} -11 \\ k \end{pmatrix}$ or $\begin{pmatrix} k \\ -1 \end{pmatrix}$
	(ii) Image at $(-4, -1), (-4, -4), (-2, -4)$	2	SC1 for enlargement factor 0.5 and correct orientation In each part of (b) must be one transformation only – if more then lose all marks for that part
	(b) (i) Reflection, $y = 1$	2	B1 B1 independent
	(ii) Rotation, $(3, 2), 180$ oe or enlargement, $(3, 2),$ (factor) – 1	3	B1 B1 B1 independent
	(iii) Stretch, (factor) 0.5, Invariant line y -axis or $x = 0$	3	B1 B1 B1 independent – must be clear on invariant line

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	(c) $\begin{pmatrix} 0.5 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$	2 ft	ft <i>their</i> factor in (b)(iii) only if stretch not 0 SC1 for $\begin{pmatrix} k & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$ [$k \neq 0$ or 1] or $\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0.5 \end{pmatrix}$ ft <i>their</i> factor only if stretch in (b)(iii)
3	(a) 7.407..... or 7.41 (b) 9 (c) (i) 6.36 to 6.37 www (ii) 508 to 510 (d) $\sqrt{2}$ or 1.41 [1.414...] www	1 2 3 2 2	M1 for $1080 \div (12 \times 10)$ oe M2 for $\sqrt[3]{\frac{1080}{\frac{4}{3}\pi}}$ oe or M1 for $\frac{1080}{\frac{4}{3}\pi}$ oe [257.7 to 258.7] Accept 4.18 to 4.19 for $4/3 \pi$ M1 for $4 \times \pi \times (\text{their (c)(i)})^2$ Allow over 1 or $\sqrt{2} : 1$ etc M1 for $(R/r)^2 = 2$ oe or $[R^2 =] (2 \times \text{their (c)(ii)})/4 \pi$ or $[R^2 =] 2 \times (\text{their (c)(i)})^2$
4	(a) 5, -1 (b) 12 points plotted ft Smooth curve through at least 12 points Two separate branches (c) (i) 0.55 to 0.65 (ii) 0.65 to 0.75 (d) $\frac{1}{3}$	2 P3ft C1 B1 1 2 2	B1 B1 P2ft for 10 or 11, P1ft for 8 or 9 In absence of plot[s], allow curve to imply plot[s]. No ruled sections Not touching y-axis M1 for $y = 3x$ drawn (ruled) to cross curve Accept 0.333[3....] or $0.\dot{3}$ M1 for $\frac{2}{x^2} - 3x = 3x$ or better

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	<p>(e) (i) Ruled line through $(-1, 5)$ and $(3, -9)$</p> <p>(ii) $y = -3.5x + 1.5$ oe final answer</p> <p>(iii) Tangent</p>	<p>1</p> <p>3</p> <p>1</p>	<p>B2 for $y = kx + 1.5$ [$k \neq 0$] oe or $y = -3.5x + d$ oe</p> <p>B1 for gradient = -3.5 oe accept integer/integer or $y = kx + [1.4 \text{ to } 1.6]$ oe</p> <p>SC2 for answer $-3.5x + 1.5$ [no 'y=']</p>
5	<p>(a) 0.57</p> <p>(b) (i) $\frac{5}{x} + \frac{6}{x+2} = 1$ oe</p> <p>$5(x+2) + 6x = x(x+2)$ oe</p> <p>$5x + 10 + 6x = x^2 + 2x$ oe</p> <p>$0 = x^2 - 9x - 10$</p> <p>(ii) $(x-10)(x+1)$</p> <p>(iii) 21</p>	<p>B4</p> <p>M2</p> <p>A1</p> <p>E1</p> <p>2</p> <p>2ft</p>	<p>Condone use of other variables</p> <p>M1 for $2w + 3l = 3.6$ oe</p> <p>and M1 for $l = w + 0.25$ oe</p> <p>A1 for correct $aw = b$ or $cl = d$</p> <p>or M2 for $2w + 3(w + 0.25) = 3.6$ oe or $2(l - 0.25) + 3l = 3.6$ oe</p> <p>or M1 for $w + 0.25$ or $l - 0.25$ seen</p> <p>A1 for $2w + 3w = 3.6 - 0.75$ or better</p> <p>or $2l + 3l = 3.6 + 0.5$ or better</p> <p>$l = 0.82$ implies M2A1</p> <p>trial & error scores B4 or zero</p> <p>accept answer 57 if written 57 cents</p> <p>after M0, SC3 if answer 57</p> <p>e.g. $\left(1 - \frac{5}{x}\right)(x+2) = 6$</p> <p>M1 for $\frac{5}{x}$ seen or $\frac{6}{x+2}$ seen</p> <p>or $xy = 5$ and $(x+2)Y = 6$ oe</p> <p>or $xy = 5$ and $(x+2)(1-y) = 6$ oe</p> <p>e.g. $(x-5)(x+2) = 6x$</p> <p>Allow $5x + 10 + 6x = x^2 + 2x$ and allow all over correct denominator but must see this line</p> <p>One correctly expanded line seen</p> <p>No errors or omissions</p> <p>SC1 for $(x+a)(x+b)$ where $ab = -10$ or $a+b = -9$</p> <p>ft a positive x into $2\left(x + \frac{5}{x}\right)$</p> <p>M1 for 0.5 seen or 5 / their positive root</p>

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	<p>(c) (i) $(2x+3)^2 = (x+3)^2 + 5^2$ oe</p> <p>$4x^2 + 6x + 6x + 9 =$ $x^2 + 3x + 3x + 9 + 25$ oe $3x^2 + 6x - 25 = 0$</p> <p>(ii) $\frac{-6 \pm \sqrt{6^2 - 4(3)(-25)}}{2(3)}$</p> <p>– 4.06, 2.06 final answer</p> <p>(iii) 12.63 to 12.65 or 12.6 or 12.7</p>	<p>M1</p> <p>B1</p> <p>B1</p> <p>E1</p> <p>B2</p> <p>B1 B1</p> <p>B2</p> <p>2ft</p>	<p>for $4x^2 + 6x + 6x + 9$ or $4x^2 + 12x + 9$ for $x^2 + 3x + 3x + 9$ or $x^2 + 6x + 9$</p> <p>No errors or omissions</p> <p>B1 for $\sqrt{6^2 - 4(3)(-25)}$ or better seen If in form $\frac{p + \sqrt{q}}{r}$ or $\frac{p - \sqrt{q}}{r}$ oe B1 for $p = -6$ and $r = 2(3)$ or better</p> <p>B1 B1 After B0 B0 SC1 for – 4.1 and 2.1 or – 4.055... and 2.055... or –4.06 and 2.06 seen</p> <p>ft (a positive $x + 3$) $\times 2.5$ SC1 for $0.5 \times$ <i>their</i> positive value $\times 5$ written</p>
6	<p>(a) $\sin [] = \frac{130}{0.5 \times 16 \times 25}$ oe</p> <p>40.54... = 40.5</p> <p>(b) 16.51 to 16.53... or 16.5 wvw</p> <p>(c) 10.39 to 10.4[0]</p>	<p>M2</p> <p>E1</p> <p>4</p> <p>2</p>	<p>M1 for $0.5 \times 16 \times 25 \times \sin [] = 130$ oe but if 40.54... reached from implicit method then M2</p> <p>Must see 40.54.. and conclusion Use of 40.5 alone in implicit expression scores M1.</p> <p>M2 for $16^2 + 25^2 - 2 \times 16 \times 25 \times \cos (40.5)$ oe [allow 40.54...] (M1 for $\cos 40.5 = \frac{16^2 + 25^2 - AC^2}{2 \times 16 \times 25}$) [allow 40.54...] A1 for 272.6 to 273.0...(which implies M2)</p> <p>M1 for $0.5 \times 25 \times \text{distance} = 130$ or $\frac{\text{dist}}{16} = \sin[40.5]$ oe [allow 40.54....]</p>

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7	<p>(a) (i) $\frac{2}{20}$ oe</p> <p>(ii) $\frac{6}{20}$ oe</p> <p>(iii) $\frac{14}{20}$ oe</p> <p>(b) (i) 7</p> <p>(ii) 42</p> <p>(iii) $\frac{7}{50}$</p> <p>(iv) $\frac{7}{9}$ [0.777[7].. or 0.778]</p>	<p>2</p> <p>3</p> <p>1ft</p> <p>1</p> <p>1</p> <p>1ft</p> <p>1ft</p>	<p>Accept fraction, %, dec equivalents [3sf] throughout but not in ratio or words isw incorrect cancelling or converting and do not accept ratios or words Pen –1 once for 2sf answers ft probability if $0 < p < 1$</p> <p>M1 for $\frac{2}{5} \times \frac{1}{4}$ oe</p> <p>M2 for $2 \times \frac{1}{5} \times \frac{1}{4} + 2 \times \frac{2}{5} \times \frac{1}{4}$ oe</p> <p>M1 for pairs 1, 4 and 2, 3 clearly identified and no other incorrect pairings or for one appropriate product isw</p> <p>ft 1 – <i>their</i> (a)(ii) or recovery to correct ans</p> <p>ft <i>their</i> 7/50 from Venn diagram or correct recovery</p> <p>ft <i>their</i> 7/<i>their</i> 9 from Venn diagram or correct recovery</p>
8	<p>(a) 24</p> <p>(b) 5 www</p>	<p>3</p> <p>3</p>	<p>M2 for 24 at <i>B</i> or 128 at <i>X</i> and 28 at <i>D</i>. or M1 for 28 at <i>D</i> or 128 at <i>X</i> allow on diagram</p> <p>M2 for $360 - 22x = 2 \times 25x$ oe or better or $22x = 2(180 - 25x)$ oe or better or $11x + 25x = 180$ oe or better or M1 for $P = 11x$ or reflex $O = 360 - 22x$ or reflex $O = 50x$ allow on diagram</p>

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	(c) 6.32 to 6.34 www	5	<p>B1 for OLM 90° (seen or implied) allow on diagram and M1 for $LM = 8 \tan 44$ [7.7255...] or $OM = 8 \div \cos 44$ [11.1213...] and M1dep on previous M for $0.5 \times 8 \times \text{their } LM$ or $0.5 \times 8 \times (\text{their } OM) \sin 44$ and M1 for $\frac{44}{360} \times \pi \times 8^2$ oe [24.5 to 24.6]</p>
9	<p>(a) (i) 72 (ii) 68 (iii) 8 (iv) 164</p> <p>(b) (i) 11 (ii) 35, 45, 55, 65, 75, 85</p> <p>$(9 \times 35 + \text{their } 11 \times 45 + 16 \times 55 + 28 \times 65 + 108 \times 75 + 28 \times 85)$ [13990]</p> <p>$\div 200$ or <i>their</i> $\sum f$</p> <p>69.95 or 69.9 or 70[.0] cao</p>	<p>1 1 1 2 1 M1 M1 M1dep A1</p>	<p>M1 for 36 seen may be on the graph</p> <p>At least 5 correct mid - values soi</p> <p>$\sum fx$ where x is in the correct interval allow one further slip</p> <p>Depend on second method</p> <p>isw conversion to mins/secs & reference to classes SC2 for correct answer without working</p>
10	<p>(a) A 1, $13 - 2n$ oe B 36, n^2 oe C 42, $n(n + 1)$ oe D 729, 3^n oe E 687, $3^n - n(n + 1)$ oe</p>	<p>3 2 3 2 2ft</p>	<p>B1, B2 (M1 for $k - 2n$) oe B1, B1 B1, B2 (B1 for a quadratic in n) B1, B1 B1ft <i>their D – their C</i>, B1ft <i>their D – their C</i> only if both in terms of n</p>

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	(b) (i) – 187	1ft	ft if A is linear
	(ii) 10 100	1ft	ft if C is quadratic
	(c) 8	1	
	(d) 58 939	1	